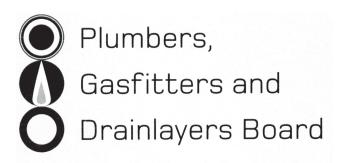
No. 9192



# REGISTRATION EXAMINATION, JUNE 2016 LICENSED PLUMBER

**ANSWER SCHEDULE** 

(a) Only one trap used

All fixtures connected to inlet of trap

Fixtures have fall to trap inlet

Dishwasher outlet rises before connection to prevent siphon

(3 marks)

(b) 50 mm

(1 mark)

**Total 4 marks** 

# **ANSWER 2**

Any FIVE (1 mark each)

Thermostat broken

Element worn out

Pressure reducing valve faulty

Relief valve faulty

Hot water pipe in dwelling broken

Tempering valve faulty

Power turned off/fuse blown

**Total 5 marks** 

# **ANSWER 3**

(a) (i) The discharge from a single fixture runs at full bore, creating a negative pressure zone behind the discharge which pulls the water out of the trap and down the discharge pipe.

(2 marks)

(ii) A piece of hair or other matter is caught over the weir, with one end below the water level in the trap. The water in the trap travels along this piece of matter, over the weir and drips down the discharge pipe, lowering the depth of the water seal.

(2 marks)

(iii) Wind moving over the terminal of the vent pipe causes the pressure within the pipework to fluctuate. The fluctuating pressure causes the water seal to rock, allowing water to flow over the weir of the trap and lowers the depth of the water seal.

(2 marks)

(b) Any THREE (1 mark each)

Evaporation

Momentum

Induced siphonage

Leaks

Compression

(3 marks)

**Total 9 marks** 

Drawing to show each fixture and the room to scale and correctly located.

**Total 5 marks** 

# **ANSWER 5**

- (a) (i) The negative pressure overcomes the spring pressure and pulls the valve off the seat allowing air to enter the pipe and equalise the pressure. (2 marks)
  - (ii) The water seal will remain intact in the trap as the pressure on both sides of the seal and equal.

(1 mark)

(b) (i) The air admittance valve will remain closed and prevent foul air escaping through the valve.

(2 marks)

(ii) The pressure may break the water seal in the trap.

(1 mark)

**Total 6 marks** 

# **ANSWER 6**

(a) (i) Any FOUR (½ mark each)

Burns

Radiation

Electrocution/electric shock

**Fumes** 

Tripping over cables

Arc eye (2 marks)

(ii) Any SIX (½ mark each)

Gloves

Overalls

Eye protection/Safety glasses/Full face safety helmet

Leather apron

**Boots** 

Spats/gaiters

Breathing apparatus (3 marks)

(b) (i) Any TWO (½ mark each)

Lack of oxygen

Poisonous gases

High temperature

Dust (1 mark)

(ii) Any TWO (½ mark each)
Breathing apparatus
Ventilation
Air supply

(2 mark)

**Total 8 marks** 

# **ANSWER 7**

(a) uPVC

Polybutylene

Polyethylene

Polypropylene (2 marks)

(b) Any THREE (1 mark each)

Crimp

Mechanical

Solvent cement

Fusion weld

Compression

Threading

Sliding sleeve

Electro-fusion (2 marks)

**Total 4 marks** 

# **ANSWER 8**

(b)

(a) (i) Unit of measure for the discharge in a plumbing system.

(1 mark)

(ii) Rate

Duration

Frequency (1 mark)

| ) | Items                   | Discharge unit rating |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|
|   | WC pan                  | 4                     |
|   | Dishwasher (domestic)   | 3                     |
|   | Wall-hung urinal        | 1                     |
|   | Double laundry tub      | 5                     |
|   | Commercial kitchen sink | 3                     |
|   | Bath                    | 4                     |

(3 marks)

**Total 5 marks** 

(a) (i) Has the potential to cause death

(1 mark)

(ii) Autoclaves and sterilisers

Systems containing chemicals such as anti-freeze, anti-corrosion, biocides, or fungicides

Beauty salon and hairdressing sinks

Boiler, chiller and cooling tower make-up water

Car and factory washing facilities

Chemical dispensers

Chemical injectors

Chlorinators

Dental equipment

Direct heat exchangers

Fire sprinkler systems and fire hydrant systems that use toxic or hazardous water

(3 marks)

(b) (i) Has the potential to injure or endanger health

(1 mark)

(ii) Appliances, vehicles or equipment

Auxiliary water supplies such as pumped and non-pumped fire sprinkler secondary water

Deionised water, reverse osmosis units and equipment cooling without chemicals

Fire sprinkler systems and building hydrant systems

Hose taps and fire hose reels associated with Medium hazard

Irrigation systems with underground controllers

Irrigation without chemicals

Livestock water supply without added chemicals

Untreated water storage tanks

Water and steam cleaning

Water for equipment cooling

Drink dispensers with carbonators

Swimming pools, spas and fountains

(2 marks)

(c) (i) Has the potential to cause a nuisance

(1 mark)

(ii) Drink dispensers (uncarbonated)

(1 mark)

(d) Any THREE (1 mark each)

Campylobacteriosis

Gastroenteritis

Cryptosporidium

Giardiasis

Legionnaire's disease

Colitis

Salmonella

(3 marks)

**Total 12 marks** 

(a) Area of horizontal faces =  $3.1 \text{ m}^2$  (2 marks) Area of vertical faces =  $3.72 \text{ m}^2$  (2 marks)

Total area of sheet metal required =  $6.82 \text{ m}^2$  (1 mark)

(b) Area of end =  $1.15 \text{ m}^2$  (2 marks)

Volume =  $1.15 \times 1.55 = 1.78 \text{ m}^3$  (1 mark)

**Total 8 marks** 

# **ANSWER 11**

(a) Any THREE (1 mark each)

Flexible

Water tight

Within the same room

Above the floor (3 marks)

(b) 80 mm (1 mark)

(c) 1:60 (1 mark)

Total 5 marks

# **ANSWER 12**

- (a) (i) Pressure reducing valve
  - (ii) Isolating valve
  - (iii) Non-return valve
  - (iv) Temperature-pressure relief valve
  - (v) Pressure limiting valve
  - (vi) Cold water expansion control relief valve (6 marks)
- (b) Any THREE (1 mark each)

Float valve/ballcock

Solenoid

Push stop tap/ spring loaded

Flushing meter (3 marks)

**Total 9 marks** 

- (a) 0.17 m (1 mark)
- (b) 1.24% or 1:80 (1 mark)
- (c) 0.83% (1 mark)
- (d) 1:60 (1 mark)

**Total 4 marks** 

# **ANSWER 14**

- (a) The layering of water within a hot water cylinder due to different densities at different temperatures.
- (b) The amount of hot water drawn from the system during the time of biggest demand
- (c) A heat source that cannot be turned off when the hot water has reached the desired temperature. Such as a wetback or solar system, not thermostatically controlled.
- (d) A hot water system that can provide hot water for use in a shorter time than ordinarily available usually with a second element higher in cylinder to provide hot water to the outlet quicker than a single low element would be able to achieve.
- (e) A hot water system that is heated via a heat exchanger
- (f) An exhaust pipe directly from the cylinder to atmosphere to vent any excessive pressure from the cylinder.

Total 6 marks

# **SECTION B**

- 1. D A noisy flame with a pointed, blue inner cone.
- 2. B The density of the water.
- 3. C 1000.
- 4. A 15 minutes at 1500 kPa.
- 5. E The pump moves a measured portion of liquid by a plunger or gear.
- 6. A Centrifugal pump.
- 7. D 10.3 m.
- 8. E Measuring the vertical distance between the highest water level and the system outlet.
- 9. A It has a second element located higher in the cylinder.
- 10. B When the drain terminates outside the building.

**Total 10 marks**